

# The Wetaskiwin Times

VOL. XXIV, No. 17

WETASKIWIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1924

V. C. French, Publisher

## CITY COUNCIL SET JULY 28 FOR HOLDING COURT OF REVISION

A regular meeting of the city council was held on Tuesday evening with all the members present except Ald. Gohard and Ald. Moan.

The minutes of the last regular meeting were read and adopted on motion of Ald. Chandler.

J. Cowan, sr., addressed council requesting a position with the city, stating that he would either need work or relief. The matter was left over until later in the meeting.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co. wrote respecting water supply in the city, stating that the sample of water submitted by city would have a tendency to foam if used in locomotive boilers. The letter stated that the company had previously decided not to use water from the deep wells in the city. The letter was received and filed.

The Horton Steel Works, of Montreal wrote asking if city still intended erecting another water tower. It was decided that nothing be done in the matter at present.

The provincial laboratory wrote giving report on analysis of water samples submitted. It was moved that the letter be filed.

The Safety Signal Policemen Co. wrote giving trial offer on silent policemen for traffic regulation. The letter was filed.

H. S. Ness wrote applying for position as policeman in the city. The application was filed. It is probable that an advertisement will be inserted asking for applications for the position some time next month.

Geo. Shilden of Red Deer wrote asking if city had any buildings that could be torn down and salvaged. The letter was filed.

Mrs. J. F. Fowler wrote respecting her lot in the cemetery. The matter was referred to the public property committee.

Another matter regarding reservation of a block in the cemetery was referred back for fuller particulars. The matter of a wood yard operating in the city without a license was brought up. It was decided by council to proceed with collection of license immediately.

The secretary reported that R. D. Wagner, of the Workmen's Compensation Board, had inspected the power plant and overhead lines, and had reported that the plant now conforms with all the regulations of the act.

It was moved that a balance owed the contractor, Mr. Kelly, of \$200, be paid.

The finance committee recommended that one auto tax be written off; that several other auto taxes stand; that all tax arrears, business taxes and licenses be collected at once; that the Court of Revision be held on Monday, July 28. The recommendations were adopted.

It was moved by Ald. Chandler, seconded by Ald. Brown that the Court of Revision be held in the council chamber on Monday, July 28th, at 10 a.m.

The following accounts were then passed for payment: General, \$114.23; Electric Light, \$336.63; Waterworks, \$17.87; Supplementary Payroll, \$62.40.

The council then took up the matter of employment of J. Cowan, sr., and after some discussion, decided that Mr. Cowan be informed that the city cannot provide work for him and that they cannot accept responsibility for relief.

A pulper, who wished the job of painting the water tower, was informed that the council will not have same painted this year.

## TO GO OVER FALLS IN A RUBBER BARREL

Nagara Falls, July 16.—Bobby Leach according to his latest statement, is determined to go over the Horseshoe Falls in a rubber barrel. Leach says he will make the trip either on July 28 or August 5. He now says that because of prohibition on the part of the authorities he will be dropped from an aeroplane into the stream near the Ontario power plant on this side and allow himself to float over the cataraict.

Begin.—While it is far too soon to count profits, the present season can be the most remarkable one in the memory of all insurance men operating in Saskatchewan.

## GRADS RAMP AWAY WITH FRENCH BASKETBALL TITLE BY MARGIN OF 69 TO 17

Paris, July 15.—In their game here yesterday for the championship of France the Edmonton Commercial Grads met with little opposition from the French team, and carried away the title by the overwhelming count of 69 to 17. The Parisian girls never were seriously in the hunt, and except in the third period, when they held the Grads to a six-point margin, were completely outclassed. In the last period the superior condition of the Edmonton team told heavily and the Parisians wilted perceptibly.

During the entire game the French players were only able to obtain eight shots at the basket, and they had the greatest difficulty in penetrating the superb defence of the brilliant Canadian team.

## SAYS CANADIAN CROP WORST IN SEVENTY YEARS

Chicago, July 15.—Predictions that the wheat crop this season in Canada would be less than half of the yield of 1923 had much to do with a sensational advance in prices yesterday on the Chicago board of trade. Maximum gains of five cents a bushel were registered, with values shaded only a trifle at the finish.

Excitement among traders in the Chicago wheat pit attained a high pitch after word was out that fifty per cent damage from the Canadian drought had been forecast by a recognized expert on crop conditions.

R. E. Cromwell, representing one of the largest grain houses here, made the statement. A report from him, dated at Saskatoon, said:

"Neither Winnipeg nor Chicago realize the situation in Canada. It is the worst in seventy years. Even the wheat is near failure here. Superintendents of grain departments or railroads and other such people agree that the wheat crop will be only half of last year in the three provinces. This is in line with my ideas."

Forecasted rather severely during the past two weeks from lack of moisture, and this is also true of some portions of the east central district as far north as the main line of the Canadian National railway, and of some portions of the west central district as far north as Lacombe, where very dry conditions at present prevail. In all this territory, the grain is heading out with short growth. Rains within a week would considerably enhance the prospects of the crop in this territory, but the prospects at present are for less than a normal crop.

In the district surrounding Edmonton, and to the east of the city some 100 miles, and north and north-east for about half that distance, the grain is in very fair condition, and with fair rains, the prospects may be said to be very satisfactory.

The Peace River and the Grande Prairie districts are suffering from a lack of moisture, and rainfall is urgently needed to ensure a good crop.

In the south-eastern portion of the territory a week ago, and in the Calgary territory about the same time, but beyond this, reports indicate that precipitation during the past fortnight has been limited to small local showers.

Crops in the irrigated districts of the south are in splendid shape, and the prospects are for a good harvest from these areas. Alfalfa has been a successful crop.

Reported in the Falun district, west of Wetaskiwin, but no damage has so far been reported.

Farmers of the district are feeling considerably elated over the prospects of at least a fair crop since the rain arrived.

## BIGSTONE BYE ELECTION

At the nomination meeting for councillor for division two of the Municipal District of Bigstone, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of A. A. Untand, held on Monday, two residents were nominated, Frank Kadlec and J. L. G. Ratnay. The election will be held on Monday next, July 21st.

## PRAIRIE CROP OUTLOOK FAIR

(Special to The Times)  
Winnipeg, July 15.—The crop outlook generally for the prairie provinces, gives every reason for optimism, although yields will largely be determined by future rainfall and the absence of hail and pests, says the weekly crop report of the agricultural department of the Canadian Pacific Railway, issued today.

Good progress has been under favorable weather conditions of the last week and according to the report, early wheat is rapidly coming into heading stage. Heavy rains experienced over large areas in the three provinces provided moisture, and they needed by late sown crops. Certain districts did not enjoy this precipitation and the situation is regarded as somewhat critical.

In Manitoba the wheat crop is looking healthy and strong, and has fine roots, but as yet is late. Coarse grains are also making good progress. With intermittent rainfall until maturity of cereals, a good crop seems assured in Manitoba.

No damage has been reported from insect pests.

The conditions of all grains in Saskatchewan are reported to be making satisfactory progress. In the north-west and west central districts where prolonged drought worked great hardships and depreciated the crop outlook, it is doubtful whether the precipitation of the past week will materially improve conditions. In a few scattered sections of the eastern part of the province also requires moisture, but with liberal rains of intervals from now on, the crop generally speaking should be well up to the average.

Prospects of a good crop in Alberta are reassuring, the report states, although rain would prove beneficial in many districts. In south-west Alberta the outlook is favorable. In the exception of a few scattered areas, the recent drought may possibly reduce the crop beyond recovery. Conditions continue favorable in the central and northern parts of the province, where rain, however, would further enhance prospects.

Unless rain falls in abundance over many districts along the Edmonton, Duvigne and British Columbia railway, a disastrous drought is foreboded. The heavy rains of last week cannot be too soon to relieve the critical situation in this area.

Ideal weather for fruit growing is reported from British Columbia, and promising yields are predicted with continuation of favorable conditions.

## 34,000 REBELS AT SAO PAULO IN HOT FIGHT

Santos, Brazil, July 14.—Fighting in the city of Sao Paulo, the seat of the Brazilian government, has been the most desperate character during the past few days, according to two employees of a United States concern, who arrived here Sunday after a perilous journey afoot from the beleaguered metropolis. They estimate that the dead among the rebels and civilians will reach 3,000.

The luxurious hotel Esplanada, at Sao Paulo, has been turned into a hospital, and is said to be crowded with the wounded. Shells from the besieging federal forces have been falling in the city. One landed on a hotel, killing eight civilians.

Refugees confirm the report that 600 federal troops who started last week from Santos, to aid in the relief of Sao Paulo, were cut to pieces by the insurgents.

The rebel forces, defending Sao Paulo against the attack of the federal troops are estimated to number 34,000. This number is said to be increasing daily by recruits arriving from nearby regions. The federals at present are estimated to number 24,000, either on land or sea route.

The continued federal bombardment of Sao Paulo is said to have turned the entire population overwhelmingly in support of the leaders of the insurrection.

The rebel forces are equipped in all departments, including armaments, craft guns, aeroplanes and whiplow tanks.

McLennan, Alta.—Another disastrous fire swept through the village of Spirit River Sunday afternoon burning the hotel and livery barn, also a vacant butcher shop, vacant garage and vacant printing office, formerly occupied by Mr. Cramer.

## NORWEGIAN RACER DRIVES HIS MILLER SPECIAL A MILE IN SIXTY SECONDS FLAT

Edmonton, July 15.—Little Sig Haugdahl, the merry Norwegian whose auto driving is the admiration of racing fans all over the American continent, last night shattered the two-day-old Canadian record for the mile he hung up at Calgary by reeling off a couple of laps at the Exhibition oval in the half-raising time of one minute flat, three watches catching him at the figure for his split. Two years ago Haugdahl established a Canadian record on the Edmonton track when he did the mile in 1:01.15, and this mark stood as the best time for the country until Saturday last, when he finished his gasoline special over the Calgary oval in 1:00, clipping a fifth of a second off his previous best mark. Last night Haugdahl further reduced the time to a flat sixty seconds.

## HAD A HANDFUL OATMEAL WHEN POLICE ARRIVED

How the police patrol from Nordegg sent to Pinto Lake, in the mountains sixty-five miles to the southwest of that place, to rescue a family by the name of Pearce, at the verge of starvation there, arrived just as the unfortunate woman and her daughter were preparing to eat their last vestige of food, is related in the report of the patrol that has been received at the headquarters of the provincial police here.

The trip was made by Detective J. T. Holmes, Constable English and guide named Watson. On the way out to the lake by pack pony they were met by the man Frank Pearce, who was making his way back to Nordegg in great pain as the result of the arm which was partially shot off last fall having mortified. He managed to reach Nordegg and is now in the hospital, where it has been found necessary to perform another operation, as the stub of the arm had been frozen last winter and had never fully healed.

"When we reached Pinto Lake, having travelled through the wildest country imaginable," says the report, "we found the woman and her daughter at the point of starvation, having nothing to eat but a handful of oatmeal and buckwheat. They dashed into the house when we came in sight and it was with some difficulty that we were able to get them to come out. The woman seemed to be on the verge of insanity as the result of the lack of food and suffering."

## PONOKA HAS A VERY DISASTROUS CONFLAGRATION

On Wednesday morning—about 12.30 Ponoka suffered one of the most disastrous fires in its history.

Fire's big liverly bars, DeWilde's pool room, Dr. Campbell's residence, and several minor buildings were completely destroyed.

How the fire originated is not known. It apparently broke out in the livery barn, tenanted by Farrell and Stoutenburg, and got such a hold that nothing could be saved. Two horses being burned. The fire was a most spectacular blaze and for a time it looked as if the greater part of the business section would be wiped out. The flames rose high in the air, sparks and huge burning embers being carried far over the town, and many buildings were threatened, as indeed several took fire.

It was mainly on account of the

## SEVEN TEACHERS SEND RESIGNATIONS TO SCHOOL BOARD

From present indications there will be a considerable change in the personnel of the school teaching staff when the fall term opens.

Resignations have been received by the school board from no less than seven of the teachers—Misses Parsons, Carlson, Blackley, and Clark, and Mr. E. Manchester and Principal Hoyle.

The board is at present advertising for teachers to fill the several vacancies, and it has already several applications on hand for positions.

It is rumored that Mr. Manchester will reconsider his resignation if favorable to the school board.

Speaking on the subject of school resignations to a Times reporter, several of the citizens and parents of children attending the school expressed regret that Principal Hoyle is leaving, and some have suggested that he be asked to reconsider his resignation.

## YEGGS SECURE BIG HAUL FROM WETASKIWIN JEWELRY STORE

Some time during Thursday night last the store of H. R. French, jeweler, was entered by robbers and some \$2,000 worth of jewelry taken from his safe. The job was done by a master craftsman, who left no sign of a clue as to his identity except the manner in which he forced the safe.

Entering the back door of the store

## LARGER ACREAGE SOWN IN ALBERTA

Ottawa, July 14.—According to the crop report by the bureau of statistics issued this afternoon, covering conditions until the end of June, the total area under wheat in Canada is 21,676,390 acres compared with 22,671,884 acres last year. The decrease is four per cent. In the three prairie provinces the acreage sown to the principal grain is estimated as follows:

Wheat, 20,728,500; oats, 9,001,000; barley, 1,259,000.  
Manitoba has 2,252,000 acres in wheat, as against 2,915,000 last year, Saskatchewan, 12,389,000 against 12,731,000 last year.  
Alberta 5,577,000 as against 5,598,361 acres last year.

## Hunting for Stolen Goods, Located Moonshine Mash

While searching for stolen property at Bawit one day last week, Provincial Constable L. J. Caldwell, of Daysland, located a quantity of moonshine mash in the dwelling house of Joe Wyrosyn at Bawit. Constable Caldwell approached the Wyrosyn house with a search warrant for stolen property, little suspecting that inside the house was a quantity of mash intended for home brewing purposes. When the Constable drew near the house the door was closed with a bang and after the official entered the building he found that a quantity of liquid containing over 20 per cent of proof spirits had been dumped down a trap door in the floor. Wyrosyn was taken to Daysland on Monday where he was found guilty and fined \$200, together with \$19 costs, in default of which a term of three months at Fort Saskatchewan.

## IMMIGRANTS ALL HAVE JOBS BEFORE LEAVING OLD LAND

Winnipeg, July 15.—An interesting feature in connection with a party of 150 immigrants who reached the city last night is that, with the exception of six, all are going to jobs in the west which were found for them by Canadian colonization officials while in Europe. With the exception of 46, they were all British. Sixteen German agricultural workers are en route to Saskatchewan farms.

On the night, coupled with the heroic efforts of the fire brigade and citizens, that a great disaster was averted. Our fire brigade has been congratulated on their work, and the town should feel proud in having such a complete fire fighting equipment. It is regrettable to report that little insurance was carried, and the loss must be heavy—easily \$40,000.—Ponoka Herald.

## GOVT LOSES GROUNDED VOTE

McLennan, Alta., July 12.—With only four polls to hear from in the Grounds election the total poll stands: Cullen, government candidate, 449; and Giroux, liberal candidate, 369.

The French and breed votes were solid Liberal. Farming districts voted government by small majorities. McLennan polled the largest vote in the constituency, and excluding the breed vote, would have broken even. The four outlying polls of Big Point, White Fish Lake, Moose Portage and Wabasca will not change the result very much, but in all probability Mr. Cullen will lose his deposit by a small number of votes.

Mr. Giroux is a partner of the law firm of Bishop, Giroux and Fraser, has proved himself a real political campaigner, a good speaker, a hale and hearty social fellow to meet and will make a splendid member for the Giroux constituency.

Later.—The final figures in the Grounds election gave the Liberal candidate, Giroux 1682 votes, while Cullen polled 457, giving the Liberal a majority of 625. The government candidate failed by eighty-four votes to save his deposit.

Winnipeg.—Four passengers and 12 of the company's laborers were injured early on Sunday when Canadian Pacific Railway train No. 2 eastbound "Imperial" was derailed two miles west of Wapella, Sask. The derailed was caused by a broken rail, eight coaches leaving the track.

by the simple means of driving a chisel into the door jamb and pushing back the bolt, he started on the safe, first heading down the knob of the combination enough to get a sharp cold chisel down behind the numerical dial, cutting through the steel bolt which turns the combination on the inside of the safe door, and driving the bolt through into the safe. After this had been done the locked doors were released and the safe was opened by merely turning the handles in the usual way. It was a neat job, the other part of the safe not being damaged in the least, except that a new combination is needed.

The interior of the safe, which was made up of shelves for the jewelry trays, several hardwood drawers and a steel cash drawer, was damaged considerably more, the locks on the wooden drawers being driven in by a chisel and the steel drawer pried out of its compartment and carried away. The thief also took the inside workings of the combination of the big doors.

Several citizens who had watches in the store for repairs had their property, while other watches which had been repaired and marked with Mr. French's private repair mark, had not been touched, making it harder for the stolen goods to be traced.

## CANTEEN FUND PLAN PASSED

Ottawa, July 15.—The house yesterday afternoon passed the resolution for the distribution of the canteen funds, which were accumulated during and after the war. The total amount to be divided, with accrued interest, is \$226,538.06. The resolution provides that \$20,000 will be for payment of outstanding accounts; that \$100,000 will be administered from Ottawa by a central board of three trustees for the purpose of maintaining an adjustment service for the benefit of ex-servicemen; that \$50,000 will be paid to the United Service Fund of Great Britain, with an equal amount to the American Red Cross for meeting payments necessary to assist ex-members of the Canadian expatriation force. A bill based thereon was given first reading.

The residue of the canteen funds, according to the resolution, is to be divided among the provinces on the percentage basis. The percentages are:

Alberta, 7.34%; British Columbia, 10.26%; Ontario, 29.6%; Manitoba, 16.72%; New Brunswick, 4.29%; Nova Scotia, 6.43%; Ontario, 14.61%; Prince Edward Island, .557; Quebec, 12.718; and Saskatchewan, 5.863.

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## Edmonton Weekly News Bulletin

## Returns from Britain

Hon. Geo. Howland, Alberta's minister of agriculture, returned the past week from Great Britain, where he was official representative of Alberta at the Empire Exposition at Wembley. Mr. Howland declares that the Canadian exhibit at the exhibition was the outstanding one of the Empire, and attracted a vast amount of attention, and that Alberta had a prominent place in the composite exhibit. Mr. Howland spent some time in Britain, and in Denmark, Holland and elsewhere, giving special attention to problems of marketing and immigration. He held several important conferences with British authorities and interests on these matters, and has brought back with him definite plans concerning marketing of grain and emigration of British settlers to Alberta, which will place before the Alberta cabinet.

## Oriental Trade Possibilities

That there are possibilities of trade for Alberta in Japan in livestock and other products is the declaration of H. A. Craig, deputy minister of agriculture, who returned during the past week, after superintending a trial shipment of cattle from this province to Japan. Mr. Craig made a thorough investigation into trade possibilities there, and finds there is considerable demand for beef cattle, and also for wool, barley, timothy seed, wheat, flax, flour, lumber, butter and cheese. The trial shipment of cattle was not profitable owing to high charges attendant upon transportation of the cattle, which amounted to practically \$100 a head, but Mr. Craig, on his return to Vancouver, was able to obtain from shipping interests, promise of a rate that would cut the charges practically in half. Under these conditions, Mr. Craig believes that a steadily growing and profitable trade in cattle can be built up.

## British Aviator to Land in Alberta

Major McLaren, British aviator, now in Japan on his round-the-world flight will land on Lake Wakkanai, west of Edmonton, during his flight across Canada, it has been learned.

## British Debaters Coming

Alberta University debating team will meet the Oxford debating team, headed by M. J. Macdonald, son of Britain's Premier, some time this fall, when the Britishers come to western Canada.

## Alberta Coal for Ontario

It is expected that the plan to market 100,000 tons of Alberta coal in Ontario the coming season will mature as a result of the vote of \$200,000 by the federal government for aid to the railways in handling the coal. The plan is that the federal government will pay charges above the actual cost of handling the coal in train lots during the slack season in traffic. Many centres in Ontario have already placed preliminary orders for Alberta coal.

## War on Pests

The competition inaugurated by the department of agriculture in the shooting of crows and hawks in order that these pests may be reduced, has created keen interest. There are now 415 schools competing in the contests, as well as many individuals, clubs, etc. The competition closes in their particular competitions. If the records are received before September 10. The reports are that there already has been a notable reduction in the number of crows in the province. Many municipalities have included the crow in the bounty they offer for destruction of pests.

## Ground-Break Election

The break-down in the seat for Grondin in the provincial legislature, was held last week, resulting in the election of L. A. Grondin, Liberal, over James Cullie, U.F.A. candidate.

## ALBERTA FAIR DATES FOR 1924

Edmonton	July 29-30
Strathmore	Aug. 4-5
Grande Prairie	Aug. 6
Grande Prairie	Aug. 7-8
Grande Prairie	Aug. 12-13
Grande Prairie	Aug. 14-15
Grande Prairie	Aug. 15
Grande Prairie	Aug. 16-17
Grande Prairie	Aug. 18-19
Grande Prairie	Aug. 20-21
Grande Prairie	Aug. 22-23
Grande Prairie	Aug. 24-25
Grande Prairie	Aug. 26-27
Grande Prairie	Aug. 28-29
Grande Prairie	Sept. 1-2
Grande Prairie	Sept. 3-4
Grande Prairie	Sept. 5-6
Grande Prairie	Sept. 7-8
Grande Prairie	Sept. 9-10
Grande Prairie	Sept. 11-12
Grande Prairie	Sept. 13-14
Grande Prairie	Sept. 15-16
Grande Prairie	Sept. 17-18
Grande Prairie	Sept. 19-20
Grande Prairie	Sept. 21-22
Grande Prairie	Sept. 23-24
Grande Prairie	Sept. 25-26
Grande Prairie	Sept. 27-28
Grande Prairie	Sept. 29-30
Grande Prairie	Oct. 1-2
Grande Prairie	Oct. 3-4
Grande Prairie	Oct. 5-6
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## Wetaskiwin Times

Published every Thursday at the  
Times, Block, McDonald Street,  
Wetaskiwin, Alberta.

Subscription, \$2.50 per year; \$2.00  
per year if paid in advance. U.S.  
postage, 50 cents extra.

Advertising rates on application.

V. C. FRENCH  
Editor. Proprietor

THURSDAY, JULY 17, 1924

The  
Summer Camp

We wonder how many of our readers have ever reverted to patriarchal times and tried living in a tent? Some of them undoubtedly would not enjoy it, but to most young folks, and to many older ones, it is really a delightful experience. It is really a disturbing at first to realize that there is only a piece of cotton between us and the elements, and one naturally expects that cotton to leak like a sieve whenever it rains; but after one has lain awake a few times waiting in vain for the rain to come through, and has discovered that a duck cover is really waterproof, it adds zest to the outing to listen to the rain that hits but does not penetrate our flimsy roof.

Some insist that by opening doors and windows the cottage is just as well ventilated as the tent, and much more solid, but the confirmed camper knows better. The tent walls cool off in a few minutes, while the solid wall and roof do not cool off perhaps for hours. And then there is a freedom, a conventionality, an out-of-door feeling that every tent lover realizes, but finds it hard to describe. We have no quarrel with civilization, but it is exceedingly refreshing to convention-worldly humanity to get back once in a while a little nearer to nature. Not every man can build himself a costly summer home, not every man would wish to do so, but it is not beyond the reach of even a poorly filled purse to put together a few yards of duck and build a new canvas house, which for a few weeks will give one a true taste of life in the open.

We have been surprised to find people of middle age, and even men of seventy years, taking as naturally to tent life as though their immediate ancestors had spent all their days in tents, while good sisters who were tired out with the unending round of sweeping and dusting and keeping house have found a most welcome rest in the unconventional life of the tent. To sickly, starved children of the heated city, tent life seems to bring fresh health and strength, and we are finding more and more that God's great out-of-doors was really meant for humanity to occupy, and a tent, a lake, a few trees, and a green field make possible a restful, healthful, and wonderfully enjoyable summer holiday. Break out of your shell and try it!

The Cost of  
Automobiles

There are at least 150,000 licensed automobiles in the three prairie provinces, and it is undoubtedly a safe and conservative estimate to place an average value of \$1000 on these cars. This represents an investment for cars alone of one hundred and fifty millions of dollars. The purchase of a car is, however, but the beginning of the expense bill. In the cities and larger towns ownership of a car involves the building of a garage in which to house it, or the payment of a monthly rental for storage in a public garage. Building permits recorded in western cities in recent years include thousands of permits for private garages, and the cost of these would in the aggregate provide for the erection of many residences. Then before the car can be operated a government license must be obtained. The cost of these vary according to size and cost of the cars, but a low average may be placed at \$15.00 a car, or a total of two and one-half millions of dollars paid to governments.

Gasoline and oils are a further requisite if a car is not to stand idle. Again striking averages it is probably not excessive to assume an average of two gallons of gasoline per car per day, say 200 days in the year. Any less average than this would mean that a car owner would be getting value in service for his capital investment in a car. Gasoline consumption would, therefore, amount to 300,000 gallons a day, or 60,000,000 gallons for the 200 day period, and at 25 cents per gallon will reach the substantial total of \$15,000,000. Add to this the cost of oil, and the bill will not fall far short of twenty-five millions of dollars for power and lubrication. Then comes the bill, extremely difficult to estimate, for tires, repairs, re-charging and replacement of batteries and public garage services of one kind and another. Let this be placed at the low

## HOW TO STIMULATE BUSINESS

At the request of The Wetaskiwin Times, Mr. T. K. Kelly, nationally recognized merchant on advertising and selling, prepared the following article as a suggestion to the business men of Wetaskiwin on how to stimulate business. The Times believes Mr. Kelly's suggestions to be of great value and urges their careful consideration by every business man in Wetaskiwin.

I wonder if we recall the resolutions we made in January, 1924? It seems this last year, more than ever, that promises with some people are like a crust—easily broken.

About every organization in January, 1924, firmly resolved to make this year better than 1923 and one of the chief reasons why so many firms have failed to keep these promises they made to themselves is because they have sold themselves on the idea that it cannot be done.

Business these next few months is going to be no better than during the past few months if we do not use better business methods, if we do not eliminate the idea that there is no money in our district, and that people are in a buying mood.

Step into your bank today and find out their daily cancellations. Stop into the post office or express office and find out how much money is being sent out of town. You'll find that there is just as much business tapping at your door today as there ever was.

But, are you doing as much to get that business as you should be in keeping with business conditions of today? There are thousands and thousands of men and women employed today, from coast to coast, who are selling to the consumer. They are taking the trade right from under the eyes of the retail merchants in their immediate vicinity, and taking it from where the retail merchants expect to get their biggest business. Still, retailers in some districts do not wake up—they have a fair day Monday, Tuesday is bad, Wednesday about the same, Thursday no better, Friday some trade, and Saturday they are busy.

What is to prevent a store employee, four clerks, from sending three clerks out to visit families in their immediate district, putting in full working hours, doing this Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Thursdays?

The retailer in having his clerks call upon the people at their homes will have a better chance of knowing the unknown seller who is calling at these homes selling merchandise.

People in a merchant's district do not know what kind of firms these unknown sellers represent—they don't know whether they are reputable or not, but they do know the local merchant, his store and his stock. They know they can depend upon the right kind of merchandise at his store because he is part of the community, he is a citizen in the district

average of \$100 a car—some new cars will run less than this, but others will exceed it several times over in a season—and another fifteen millions of dollars is added to the total.

Still another item is that for insurance on the car against theft, fire, personal liability and property loss; also insurance against fire on the garage building. Some car owners may not protect themselves in this way, but as a strictly business proposition they should. Put insurance down at an average of \$30.00 per car, which is too low, and it comes to four and one-half millions of dollars.

These are the main cost items of automobile in the three prairie provinces, but they do not include many other items too numerous to mention. They represent a formidable bill of two hundred millions of dollars, or an average of \$100.00 for every man, woman and child in this western country. Eliminating the original capital investment for the cars, and charging seven per cent on the money so invested, it will be found that the annual cost of maintaining the west's large and steadily increasing fleet of motor cars is between fifty and sixty millions of dollars.

To the extent that cars are used for business purposes, and are, therefore, revenue producing for the owner, this large expenditure in these so-called "hardtimes" may be justified. But it is a pretty well recognized fact that tens of thousands of these cars have been purchased and are used for purposes of pleasure only.

On the other hand, the automobile has made it possible for city people to get out into the country and to the summer resorts, golf links, etc., to an extent that was formerly impossible. It has been a boon to many young mothers thus enabled to take their children out for an airing. It has been an important factor, along with the rural telephone, in banishing much of the isolation and loneliness of farm life, and in times of sickness and accident has become indispensable to the doctor and nurse.

the same as they are, and certainly he would not defraud them by selling inferior merchandise at higher prices than the same as many of these fly-by-night concerns are doing.

There is not a wholesale house or manufacturer in existence who will not give you specials for leaders that will enable you to combat the prices of competition, and the better prices are offering to the retail trade.

Some merchants will say: "My clerks will not do that; they have too much pride." Clerks of that calibre must eliminate their pride if they're going to retain their positions—in fact, no man should have any pride until he is a millionaire, and when he's a millionaire he doesn't need any pride, because a millionaire in overalls is regarded just as highly as he is when he wears a dress suit.

Every clerk employed should be thoroughly sold on his job—the merchant must have faith in his employee, in the stock, the store, the values given to such extent that he would be glad and willing to go out and tell his neighbors about it.

I suggested this plan to a merchant one day in a buying mood, and his reply was "It's a good plan alright, but it won't work in my territory." That's one of the chief obstacles that a lot of retailers place before themselves. They get the idea that their trade is different, their town is different, and from the way they talk, you might think that they were doing business on a small island dozens of miles from civilization.

As a matter of fact, if you look at the situation right square in the face, it slimmers down to the point that the trade in Portland is the same as the trade in New York City. People everywhere are about the same—they think the same things, and act about alike. Whether your net is made up of city folks, or of farmers, it doesn't make any difference. Good merchandise offered at attractive prices will be a business getter—particularly when that merchandise is demonstrated to them right in their own homes, where there will be nothing to distract their attention. The farming population is made up of kindly, genial men and women, who will be glad to have a visit from a merchant or a merchant's representative introducing his merchandise.

There is hardly a merchant in business today who has not got an automobile, and he certainly can afford to spend some time and week end in the country with two of his clerks, supplying merchandise to the people in the outlying districts. A shoe dealer, for example, should present not only some of his newest styles and latest numbers, but he should have a top-notch leader selected probably from some style that needed stimulating. This would be an attractive way to avoid the loss that comes from slow selling deprecatized merchandise.

Just as soon as the merchant starts to figure that his expenses are just as high, and go one just as steadily during the dull days as during the big days, then he is going to get busy and inject some ideas into his business that will make dull business a thing of the past. The time is past and never will return when we can work only half time.

I would tell salespeople in the store who might object to such work, that it was up to them to make the business a paying proposition for me or they would have to expect less remuneration. I would give them to understand that they would get paid for their services, and no more, and that naturally the worth of their services to me depended upon what those services produced.

Besides helping to combat the menace of the bell-ringer, selling merchandise immediately, and affording effective means of selling slow moving lines, this plan of canvassing gives a merchant a good method of getting close to his customers. Few of us realize how many customers we lose through being too distant, and through not being in close touch with them.

Retain the friendship of old customers by all means, and good efficient work in canvassing is a splendid way of accomplishing this. A well trained salesman or saleswoman can be an invaluable missionary in behalf of the store out among the trade.

If the trade is slow in coming to your store, bring your store to the trade. If merchants will follow out this plan and back it up with some good, hard hitting advertising they will have no need to complain about poor business. Business in any line is about what you make it, whether it be a retail store, a bank, or a brokerage business.

But, to the merchant who is befogged with the idea that his business is so bad that no effort can make it better will have to get rid of this idea as his first move for better business. There's nothing in the present business situation that warrants such an attitude. Yet, for some reason or other, a great many business men

seem to expect that Canada should enter into another period resembling war prosperity. But, regardless of that sort of reasoning, or rather lack of reasoning, there has been nothing at any time to indicate that money will ever roll up hill again.

As to this business situation, we must admit that business does not come as easily now as it did in 1919 and 1920, but what of it? The work that is required to make your business show a profit is nothing, absolutely nothing, compared with the thrill that comes in knowing that your business is progressing, and knowing that you are making a success.

And in considering such plans for increasing your business as this idea of canvassing out through the trade, or any other idea that has the elements of practical business sense, do not be too easily discouraged. Remember, that a great deal you hear about business is mere propaganda.

I know of one instance where a merchant had quite a successful sale, and shortly after it was completed a competitor happened to drop into his store. He asked how the sale had terminated. The merchant who had the sale stated that it was very bad, he had not made expenses. He declared that canvassing had been done, that it was possible to do, but there was no money in the country as far as he could figure out. The visiting merchant went on his way, and stopped in to see another merchant, and he related all about the unsuccessful sale held by merchant No. 1.

"Why, that's strange. I have it from good authority that he sold a great deal of goods and made a pretty fair profit on the sale," said the third merchant. So, in discussing this case the two merchants finally saw through the name of the merchant crying hard times. He wanted them to think that he had made no money, he wanted them to be pessimistic about business, because if he had said: "Business is wonderful, I have made five per cent, I went away beyond my fondest expectations in the amount of goods sold," they naturally would be inspired likewise, and undoubtedly think: "Well, if he can get such business, I guess I can, he's no better merchant than I am."

So there's always two sides to every coin, and not one side is any more right than the other. If you talk about there being no money and no business should be taken with a grain of salt.

We've got to be more ready in the future than we have been in the past, and take up new promising ideas for increasing business simply because something worked well five, ten, fifteen or twenty years ago is no assurance that it is equally effective today. A great many merchants confuse business principles with business methods—they are altogether two different things.

There are a certain number of principles in doing business that remain the same, regardless of time, place or conditions, but the methods of doing business are changing constantly, and we've got to change with them if we're going to keep abreast of the times.

I have often seen the effects of conservatism brought to the point of where it is more inaction. There are businesses being conducted today not by the men who are in charge of the store, but by men who bought it, 10 and 20 years. If these same men were who may have been dead these 25 or living today they probably would be the quickest to change their methods to suit new times, whereas, their successors hold to them as if them were

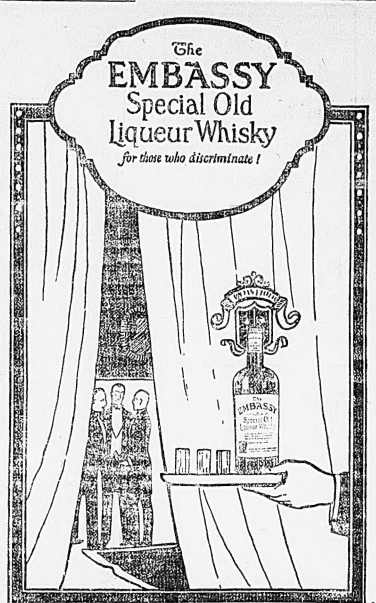
something sacred. This again is simply confusing methods with principles.

One merchant met my suggestion of canvassing out among the trade with the statement that they'd been established for sixty years and had never gone out tramping, begging for business at the homes of their customers, and they did not think they had better start that now.

Such an attitude is about as senseless as if that merchant were to stock his store with the styles of merchandise in vogue sixty years ago, and insist that inasmuch as it was the right thing for those times it is still the right thing. We must not lose sight of the fact that methods must change with the times no less than the merchandise stock we carry.

NEW CO-OPERATIVE PLAN  
TO BE PROVINCE WIDE

Calgary, July 14. — Preliminary steps looking to the ultimate formation of a province wide marketing organization to handle on a co-operative non-profit making basis all products of the farm were taken here Saturday by the co-operative marketing committee of the United Farmers of Alberta, who met over the Alberta wheat pool. This committee was named at the last convention of the U.F.A. The success which during the last few years has been achieved by the cooperative marketing organization in the Pincher Creek district, where practically all farm products are placed on the market by this method, was brought up as an example at this meeting. No official statement would be issued by the committee, but it was learned that only preliminary work had been accomplished.



This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or the Government of Alberta.

## MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

FOR YOUR OWN SAFE  
PROMOTE WILD FARMING  
IN WESTERN CANADA

For those Smokers  
who like their tobacco  
Cut fine or who  
roll their own  
MACDONALD'S Fine Cut

1/2 lb.  
tin 80¢

1/2 Lb. — 15¢

WHEN TO STOP  
ADVERTISING

When every man has become so thoroughly a creature of habit that he will certainly buy this year where he purchased last year.

When younger, fresher and spunkier concerns in your line cease starting up and using the printed page in telling the people how much better they can do for them than you.

When nobody else thinks it pays to advertise.

When population ceases to multiply and the generations that crowd on after you stop coming on.

When you have convinced everybody whose life will touch yours that you have better goods than they can get elsewhere.

When you perceive it to be the rule that men who never do, and never did, advertise, are outstripping their neighbors in the same line of business.

When men stop making fortunes right in your sight, solely by a discreet use of this mighty agent.

When you can forget the words of the shrewdest and most successful business men concerning the main cause of their prosperity.

When you would rather have your own way and fail, than take advice and win.

## The Wetaskiwin Times

THE PAPER THAT IS SEVEN STEPS AHEAD

Phone 27

Wetaskiwin

For Diarrhoea  
You Should UseIt Will Give  
INSTANTANEOUS RELIEF

When you are troubled with diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cramps, pain in the stomach, cholera, or any other looseness of the bowels be sure and immediately purchase a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry and see how quickly it will give you relief from your loved troubles.

This preparation has been on the market for the past 80 years and has been proven to accomplish all we claim for it, and our claim is true. It will give almost instantaneous relief in all bowel troubles.

Mr. D. E. Francy, Aylesford, N. B., writes:—"Two years ago I was troubled with diarrhoea and severe cramps in my stomach. I tried several different remedies, but they did not seem to help me. I heard about Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, so I bought a bottle of it. I only took a few doses, and in a short time was entirely relieved of my pains."



We carry a  
complete line of  
**Building Material**  
It will pay you to call  
on us before building

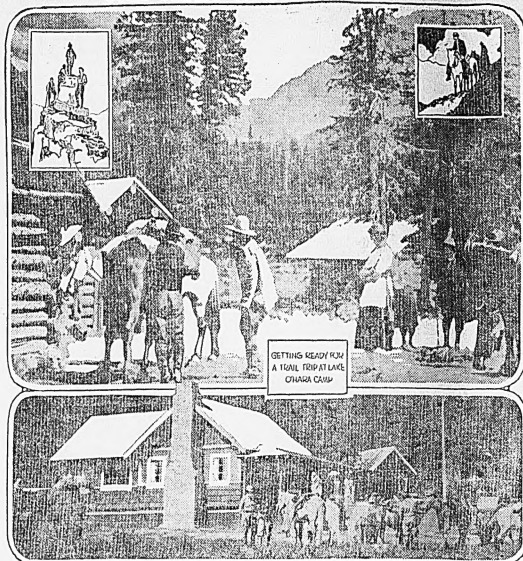
**Revelstoke Sawmill  
Company, Ltd.**  
Phone 57

**We Are Ready  
For You!**  
Call on us for your needs  
in  
Blacksmithing  
Woodwork  
Oxy-Acetylene Welding  
When your Auto Tires  
squeak, get them set at  
**Grant & Wilson**  
Blacksmith and Welding  
Shop

**MURINE**  
NIGHT &  
MORNING EYES  
KEEP YOUR EYES  
CLEAR, CLEAR & HEALTHY

**Mentholatum**  
SUNBURN, SPRAINS, ACHING FEET  
PAIN SOO. & CO.—TUBES 50c.—At All Drug Stores

## Trail Riders Hold First Pow-wow



PLENTY OF GUIDES AND RICK HORSES ON HAND AT Yoho VALLEY CAMP

July of this year witnesses the first annual Pow-Wow of the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies in Yoho Valley, the wonder valley of Canada's mountain playground where, in addition to the regular accommodation at Yoho Bungalow Camp, a camp of tipis is being put up with capacity for one hundred guests. Last year a group of outdoor lovers made an initial trail ride and found it so fascinating that they decided to form an organization to foster riding in these mountains. Anyone who has established a record for riding in the Canadian Rockies of fifty miles or more, is eligible to membership, irrespective of race, creed, sex, age or color. So far as the Trail Riders' Pow-Wow is concerned, all that is necessary is that interested members should ride in on horseback.

Dr. Charles Walcott, secretary of the Smithsonian Institution at Washington, D.C., is honorary president of the new order, and John Murray Gibson, of Montreal, is the

honorary secretary. Among the members of the organizing committee are such prominent individuals as H. B. Clow, president of Rand, McNally & Co., Chicago; Reginald Fowkes, editor of "Country Life," Garden City, N.Y.; Captain A. H. McCarthy, U.S.N., of New Jersey and Wilmer, B.C., a celebrated mountain climber, and Col. W. W. Foster, of Vancouver, B.C., president of the Alpine Club of Canada. The underlying spirit of the order is a reverence for the majesty and beauty of nature. Its aims are to encourage travel on horseback in the Canadian Rockies; to foster the maintenance and improvement of old trails and the construction of new trails; to advocate and practice consideration for horses and to promote the breeding of saddle horses suitable for high altitudes; to foster good fellowship among those who visit and live in these glorious mountains; to encourage the love of outdoor life, the study and conservation of birds, wild animals and alpine flowers; to pro-

tect the forests against fire; to assist in every possible way to ensure complete preservation of the National Parks of Canada for the use and enjoyment of the public; to create an interest in Indian customs, costumes and traditions; to encourage the preservation of historic sites as related to the fur trade and early explorers and to co-operate with other organizations with similar aims. Last year the Banff-Windermere Motor Road was made available to tourists and eight bungalow camps were built in as many beautiful locations among the Canadian Rockies. Some of them can be reached by automobile, others by trail riding. The new order will prepare and circulate maps, descriptions and illustrations of existing trails and the country to which they give access, thus putting helpful information within reach of a public that has long been waiting for just such a delightful program as that made possible by the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies.

## MILLET

Rev. W. T. and Mrs. Young, and family, of Blairmore, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Atkins of Millet.

R. W. Howes, of Millet, now a student at the Moody Bible Institute of Chicago, is leader of a group of students who do religious open air work in Chicago.

The crops are suffering severely from lack of moisture. Wheat is already heading out in a stunted immature condition. The high place are, in many fields, burnt beyond redemption.

The monthly meeting of the Millet U.F.W.A. will be held at the home of Mrs. P. McManus on July 28th, and the ladies are asked to bring their favorite apron pattern with them to the meeting.

A kitchen shower was held on Tuesday evening of last week at the parsonage by the Ladies' Aid, in honor of Miss Daisy Atkins, a popular bride of the month. After a musical program, little Irene Kent and Margie McAllister carried in a beautifully decorated basket, laden with many useful gifts and presented them to the bride-to-be, each gift containing an appropriate verse or advice. A delicious buffet luncheon was then served, Mrs. Facey pouring the tea and Mrs. Dowler cutting the loaves. A very pleasant evening was brought to a close by the singing of Auld Lang Syne.

On Wednesday, July 9th, the Women's Institute held their regular monthly meeting at the home of Mrs. J. Anderson, one mile west of town. There was a splendid turnout, three new members being added to the roll. Mrs. Roop, the vice president, occupied the chair, Mrs. McLean, the president, being unavoidably absent. After the usual business procedure, the members were entertained by a splendid talk on the Hawaiian Islands by Miss Harkness, who was on the school staff there. This was illustrated by interesting photographs. Miss Harkness was tendered a very hearty vote of thanks on the completion of his address. During the social hour, the hostess, assisted by Mesdames Facey, West and Rowley, served a dainty lunch.

## DRILLERS EXPECT ACTION

"We expect to complete oil drilling operations at both No. 3 and No. 4 wells at about the end of the month," Newton W. Eamena, geologist and field superintendent of the British Petroleum, Limited,

## HILLSIDE

Mrs. Smith, from the U.S.A., is visiting her sister-in-law, Mrs. Julius Gansh.

Mrs. Garden and nephew, of Stratford Ont., are visiting the former's sister, Mrs. March.

Mrs. Robt. Day and family have arrived from England. Mr. Day settled in this district eight months ago. We wish them all the best of luck.

The Rev. Johnson of Millet, will be at the school on Friday evening to meet all the young folks. Games will be indulged in during the first part of the evening. Try and get there as early as possible.

The Social Club will hold its annual picnic on Friday, July 25. Postponement date the 30th, at the school grounds. All kinds of sports and baseball. Horse racing and broncho bustin'. Bring a lunch or the price of one—25c. You will be assured of a hearty welcome and a good picnic. The dance at night will be a good one, the proceeds to be donated for the school fair.

Drumheller—Diving from the railway bridge at Rosedale into shallow water on Sunday, William Davis, thirty six years old was fatally hurt. He was taken to the Drumheller hospital, where he died Monday morning.

Copenhagen—Hon. John Martin, Ontario minister of agriculture, who is visiting Copenhagen, is reported to be negotiating with the Danish authorities to obtain the surplus Danish population for Canada. He describes the Danish emigrant as a most desirable type.

## GWYNNE

Mrs. P. Doel was an Edmonton visitor last week.

Several of the residents of the district are taking in the Edmonton fair this week.

Mrs. Wonnacks and daughter, Mrs. Blakely, of Hay Lakes, left this week for the coast.

Miss Carl Freeman, of Lamont hospital, is spending a few weeks of her vacation with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Freeman.

Mr. and Mrs. George Beavo, who left some three months ago to make their home in Leduc, have returned to Gwynne, where they will make their home.

## GENERAL NEWS

Edmonton—A ten cent decline per hundred pounds was registered in the wholesale price of sugar in Edmonton on Friday, according to local produce merchants and this brings the cost to the retailer to \$9.34.

Plants the world over total about 100,000 different varieties, according to one botanical authority.

London—According to present arrangements, the Prince of Wales will start on his Canadian tour August 23, sailing for New York on the steamer Berengaria. He will occupy the suite formerly used by Emperor William, when the Berengaria was the Imperator. He will travel under the incognito of Lord Renfrew.

**BRING YOUR  
WATCHES and CLOCKS**

to

**R. W. NYMAN**

Expert Repairer

For Prompt and

Satisfactory Work

FIRST DOOR WEST OF  
NESS & CARLSON'S GARAGE

## WANTED!

**INSPECTED CREAM  
and  
CHURNING CREAM  
CASH FOR EGGS**

Ward McAllister

Agent  
Still at the Old Stand  
Millet

## Cook's Regulating Compound

A safe, reliable, regulating medicine. Sold in three degrees of strength—No. 1, 2, 3; No. 2, 50c; No. 3, 75c per box. Sold by all druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Free pamphlet. Address: THE COOK MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. (Formerly Windsor).

# Your Printing Is Your Personality

Therefore, when you want Job Printing,  
YOU WANT THE BEST and at Prices which are  
consistent with Quality.

The Wetaskiwin Times has  
one of the Most Up-to-Date  
Printing Plants in Western  
Canada.

## WE PRINT

Posters  
Dodgers  
Envelopes  
Pamphlets  
Catalogues  
Bill Heads  
Publications  
Letter Heads  
Visiting Cards  
Business Cards  
And Every Form of  
Job Printing.

We have the material to do the work with  
and have skilled mechanics—adepts at the attain-  
ing of that finished appearance in your printing  
that your taste calls for.

**WE DO UP-TO-DATE PRINTING  
—BETTER PRINTING THAN IS  
DONE IN MOST CITY SHOPS.**

It is to your advantage to get your Printing  
done at home where you can get First Class work  
and keep your money in the Home Community.

**WE DO GOOD PRINTING AT RIGHT  
PRICES, AND ON TIME**

**TIMES' PRINTING WINS BY COMPARISON!**

# WETASKIWIN FAIR

## Thurs. and Frid., Aug. 7-8

### Big Program of Amusements

Including

## AUTOMOBILE RACES BASEBALL TOURNAMENT

### Conklin & Garrett's Shows

on the

## MIDWAY

### Merry-Go-Round Ferris Wheel

### Get Your Prize List from the Secretary

### ENTRIES CLOSE SATURDAY, AUGUST 2

E. R. RASMUSON, President  
C. B. McMURDO, Manager  
C. D. SMITH, Secretary

# The Wetaskiwin Times

PHONE 27

WETASKIWIN



## Classified Ads.

### For Sale

FOR SALE OR TRADE—4 year old Red Bull, weight 1600 lbs. Will sell, or trade for another of same breed. H. Gulekson. 15-3t.

FOR SALE—Ford truck in good condition; frame building, 14 x 16; furniture, and household effects. Apply Mrs. J. H. Baxter, 113 McDonald St. Wetaskiwin. 17-3t.

### Miscellaneous

TENTS AND AWNINGS—Repaired. Let us look over your tents and awnings before the spring rush begins. Also your auto, carriage and furniture. Highest class work promptly done at lowest prices. Drop a card to W. J. Pickard, Wetaskiwin. 14-3t.

### NOTICE

NOTICE—Notice is hereby given that one dark grey gelding, white hind feet, no brands, was impounded in the pound kept by L. W. Marr, on S.W. 15-47-25-4, on June 17, 1924, and that the said animal was sold on the 30th of June, 1924 to Lloyd Rogers of Millet, and that said animal may be redeemed by the owner or on his behalf within a period of three days from the publication of this notice in the Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due the municipality and the purchaser of said animal. E. N. Matray, secy-treas. M.D. Edgemoor, Wetaskiwin. 17-3t.

### Teachers Wanted

TEACHER WANTED—For Weller S.D., No. 1668, with 1st or 2nd class certificate; applicant to state qualifications. A. C. Pearson, secy-treas. R.R.2, Wetaskiwin. Phone, R205. 16-3t.

TEACHER WANTED—For Angus Ridge S.D. No. 748, duties to commence about August 25. Applicant to give qualifications and state salary expected. E. V. Wilson, secy-treas. R.R.2, Wetaskiwin. Phone 707. 16-2t.

TEACHER WANTED—For Falun S.D. No. 1246, duties to commence about September 1. Applicants to state qualifications and salary expected. Applications to be in by Aug. 6th. Wm. Milton, secretary, R.R. 1, Wetaskiwin. 17-3t.

### Wanted

WANTED—To hear from owner of good farm for sale. State cash price, full particulars. D. F. Bush, Minneapolis, Minn. 16-2t.

AUCTION—For satisfaction and service, get Mitchell the Auctioneer, Member A.A.A. Auction sales conducted anywhere. Phone 15, Millet. 17-3t.

Look at your label to see if your subscription is paid up. 17-3t.

## REPORT OF VANCOUVER GRAIN ENQUIRY BOARD

A signal victory for the Alberta government and those who supported it in the demand for investigation by the Royal Grain Enquiry Board into certain conditions surrounding the administration of the government elevator facilities at Vancouver, in the manner in which the report of that enquiry is described in an official statement issued by the government at Edmonton.

The report of the enquiry board, in the opinion of the government, reveals full justification for the enquiry, and justifies particularly the contention of the government and others that conditions with respect to grain handling facilities at Vancouver were in an unhealthy state, and that certain radical changes were necessary in matters of policy of the control and operation of the grain elevators at the coast, if the interests of the grain producers as those most vitally concerned, were to be fully protected.

The report makes certain valuable recommendations along lines suggested by the Alberta government counsel, and the government will proceed to press the federal authorities to put these recommendations into immediate effect. The government is being supported in this by the Edmonton board of trade and other similar organizations.

The real issue before the enquiry board, declares the statement, was the administration of the grain handling facilities in such a manner as to keep down the cost of handling grain, since such cost must eventually be borne by the grain producers. Alberta contended that the Pacific elevators should be removed from the control of the Vancouver Harbor Commissioners and placed under a special commission. The enquiry board has given effect to this contention by recommending that the Vancouver elevators be acquired by the federal government and in future be operated by a special commission consisting of a body along with all other publicly owned elevators in the west. If this request is put into effect, the conditions which gave rise to the demand for the enquiry by the Alberta government will be corrected.

The deal whereby the Harbor Commissioners acquired the partially completed Woodward elevator, agreed to spend \$650,000 in putting it into commission, and to lease it to the British and Oriental Grain Company of Edmonton, was another matter in which the government asked enquiry. As a result of the evidence produced in this connection, the enquiry board scores the deal as an imprudent one for the harbor board, and declares that there is no reason why the board should have entered into the deal. The facts, as adduced at the enquiry, were that, in the face of a report from J. S. Metcalfe & Co., elevator experts, declaring the Woodward elevator to be impracticable as a public terminal, the Harbor Commission proceeded to acquire the elevator, for the express purpose of leasing it to the Edmonton company. The harbor board agreed to spend some \$650,000 in putting the elevator in to shape, in spite of the fact that the Metcalfe report said that the same amount, spent in modern facilities, at the government elevator would produce better results. The agreement was that the harbor board was to spend this amount and lease the elevator to the Edmonton company at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent on the amount of the bonds, but the enquiry board reports that it is very uncertain whether the amount to be paid by the Edmonton company will meet the full interest charges on the money spent by the harbor board. The report declares the whole deal to be an imprudent one for the people of Canada.

The other points upon which the Alberta government asked investigation, and the action of the enquiry board on these points, are as follows: The Makars byspout at the terminal elevator, by which grain could be diverted in its progress from the car to the elevator weigh bins, was shown by the weight of evidence to be an improper installation and one which should not be permitted to exist. It was shown that the log's ladders of several of the states absolutely forbade the existence of such a spout. The enquiry board declared that the byspout should be removed entirely, and positive regulations be enacted making such installations, with their consequent perils and suspicions, impossible in any storage elevator.

The personnel of the Vancouver elevator staff, and the influence exerted by the firm of Smith & Davidson, or by Smith, a former grain operator at Fort William, in the appointment of this staff, Smith, it may be said, was implicated in certain suspicious deals while operating at the

head of the lakes, and very close connection between him and the harbor commissioner, R. E. Beattie, and certain members of the elevator staff, was shown. The enquiry board says in this connection that there was no specific evidence of any collusion from such close connection, but whatever the facts were, there could be no doubt that the close relationship had given rise to a feeling of dissatisfaction and uneasiness in many quarters, and had a great deal to do with creating the demand for the investigation. Anything which would foster a suspicious relationship should be avoided, says the report.

In the matter of the alleged over-shipment of 232,000 bushels of No. 1 Northern wheat from the government elevators, the enquiry board reports that it was unable to clear up this discrepancy and submits that it should be investigated and pursued further by the proper officials of the Grain Commission. The report further states that the practice of shipping grain on bills of lading instead of warehouse receipts is irregular and presents elements of danger, and it states also that there was apparently no good reason why receipts to the total of 12,500,000 bushels should have been allowed to accumulate without cancellation.

The board also finds a very unsatisfactory condition with respect to the handling of sweepings of grain in the elevators, these sweepings being collected and disposed of in a very irregular manner.

With respect to the attempt of the harbor commissioners to increase cargo rates on grain, which increase the Alberta government was successful in having suspended, the enquiry board has this comment to make: "A cargo rate is levied for the general service of the port and should not fluctuate with the success or failure of the Harbor Commissioners' adventures in terminal elevators."

### SAVING CONSISTENTLY

What percentage of a man's income should he save?

This is a question frequently asked, and a brief discussion of it might prove of interest to many who have given consideration to the matter.

Some time ago the United States government saving system issued a statement that a thrifty man should spend fifty per cent of his income for living expenses; 10 per cent for education; 10 per cent for giving; 10 per cent for recreation; and save 20 per cent. The treasury department has stated that a family of three with \$2000 income should save \$200; a family of four with \$3000 income should save \$300; a family of four with \$4000 income should save \$400; a family of four with \$5000 income should save \$500; and a family of five with \$10,000 income should save \$2,400.

These figures were undoubtedly arrived at after a close study of the personal economies of many families, and are meant to cover average conditions.

While it may be true that the average man in America should save 20 per cent of his income, it does not follow by any means that a man who under certain circumstances only saves 10 per cent of his income is not just as thrifty, as some other man who might save 50 per cent of his income. There are right duties and obligations that must be met, and their fulfillment might preclude the saving of any considerable sum of money. On the other hand, a man might be so situated that even if he did lay aside 20 per cent of his income he would still be indulging in wasteful habits.

Thrift is a matter of morals as well as of money. It is of self discipline, strength of character, efficiency and a common sense administration of one's affairs.

Save systematically as much as you can consistent with your circumstances in life. Be economical but not miserly. Eliminate all possible waste.

If one will endeavor honestly to adhere to these practices, he will be able to save what is consistent and right and within the meaning of true thrift.

Nagara Falls—Two smugglers were rescued from their disabled boat in the rapids a few hundred yards above the American falls late Saturday night by United States immigration men and city policemen who braved the upper rapids in a motor boat.

Battle Creek, Mich.—Rev. Oren C. Van Loon, pastor of Berkeley community church, near Detroit, who has been missing from his home for eleven days, was found here Friday suffering from heat exhaustion and insufficient nourishment, and with the letters "K.K.K." three inches high branded between his shoulder blades.

### WORLD WHEAT CROP IS LOWER THIS YEAR

Ottawa, July 16—Official estimates of the production of wheat which have been received by the International Institute branch of the department of agriculture from ten countries which produced seventy per cent of the world's crop last year, indicate a total crop in these countries of 2,164,000,000 bushels against 2,445,000,000 in 1922. Making unofficial estimates for the other countries not yet reported, there is indicated a world's total of 3,054,000,000 bushels against 3,421,000,000 bushels last year.

### NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND CLAIMANTS

In the Estate of Carl Magnus Widen, late of Duhamel, Alberta, Deceased

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the above named Carl Magnus Widen, who died on the 2nd day of January, A.D. 1921, are required to file with the undersigned solicitors, by the 16th day of August, A.D. 1924, a full statement duly verified of their claims and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the executors will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or which have been brought to their knowledge.

Dated this 25th day of June, A.D. 1924.

LOGGIE & MANLEY,  
Wetaskiwin, Alberta,  
Solicitors for Executors.

### For the Promptest Service

In Any Kind of

DRAYING

PHONE: Residence 43; Office 77

C. E. REMUS

CITY TRANSFER

## COMBINATION SALE

AT THE AUCTION MART  
(Next to Wetaskiwin P.O.)

SATURDAY, JULY 19.

Commencing at 2.30 p.m.

Instructed by the Owners, we will sell the following:  
1 Black Horse 7 years old; Buckskin Horse, 5 years; Chestnut Brown Horse, 8 years old; Buggy; Wagon (with tire); Loin plow; 1½ sets harness—Property of V. Buchanan.  
Wicker Table and Chair; Windsor Couch; Screen, oak frame, (good size); Oil Stove and Oven; Gasoline Stove and Oven; Heater; Wagon Jack; 5 Files; Meat Saw; Hand Saw; Fur Coat; Two cloth Overcoats; Paid Saver; Scales; Pans and other articles too numerous to mention.

TERMS—CASH

F. J. & C. J. KLAAS

Phone R711.

Auctioneers

If you believe in Wetaskiwin's future, support Wetaskiwin's merchants and business houses. Buy goods sold in Wetaskiwin. Nothing will pay bigger dividends.

## Hills & Underwood

London Dry Gin

A mature gin—known since 1762  
for its unvarying high quality.

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or the Government of Alberta.

## SILENCE THAT IS NOT GOLDEN

The merchant who fails to "speak up" lets a lot of golden sales slip past his store. This lost business goes either to his competitor down the street, or by the mail order route, to the big city stores.

People are often surprised to find that the goods they bought "sight unseen" from a catalogue can be seen and examined in the local store!

Tell your buying public what you have. ADVERTISE in The Wetaskiwin Times and invite the whole community to your store.

## Most Folks Shop Where They Are Invited to Shop

Issued by Can. Weekly Newspapers Association.

### SPECIAL FARES

TO

### Red Deer Exhibition

JULY 21 - JULY 23

GOING DATES — July 19th to July 22nd and on July 23rd for trains arriving Red Deer before 2:00 p.m.

RETURN LIMIT — JULY 24th, 1924.

INFORMATION AND TICKETS FROM

A. J. TAYLOR

Ticket Agent 16-2tn Wetaskiwin

### SPECIAL FARES

TO

### Saskatoon Exhibition

JULY 21 - JULY 26

GOING DATES — July 19th to July 25th and on July 26th for trains arriving Saskatoon before 2:00 p.m.

RETURN LIMIT — July 28th, 1924.

INFORMATION AND TICKETS FROM

A. J. TAYLOR

Ticket Agent 16-2tn Wetaskiwin

### SPECIAL FARES

TO

### Camrose Exhibition

JULY 24 - JULY 26

GOING DATES — July 23rd to July 25th and on July 26th for trains arriving Camrose before 2:00 p.m.

RETURN LIMIT — July 28th, 1924.

INFORMATION AND TICKETS FROM

A. J. TAYLOR

Ticket Agent 16-2tn Wetaskiwin

### Special Fares

TO

### Edmonton Exhibition

July 14 - July 19

GOING DATES—July 12th to 18th and July 19th for trains arriving Edmonton before 2:00 p.m.

RETURN LIMIT — July 21st, 1924.

INFORMATION AND TICKETS FROM

A. J. TAYLOR

Ticket Agent 15-3tn Wetaskiwin





## "Swat the fly" with GILLET'S LYE

A teaspoonful of Gillett's Lye sprinkled in the Garbage Can prevents flies breeding

Use Gillett's Lye for all Cleaning and Disinfecting



Costs little but always effective

### Members to go North

Some forty members of the Legislature will take advantage of the trip arranged by Hon. V. W. Smith, minister of railways of the provincial government, through the Grande Prairie and Peace River districts. The tour will commence July 17 and conclude July 22, the members travelling by special sleepers on the E.D. & B.C.

## Your Party Invitations

Personality is revealed in the use of good stationery.



"The paper that's good to write upon"

FRENCH ORCAIDIE WRITING PAPER

## A. HOLTBY

WETASKIWIN

Painter and Paperhanger

Estimates Given Work Guaranteed Prices Right

## IF YOU SUFFER FROM HEADACHES



WILL GIVE YOU RELIEF

Mrs. G. H. White, 440 Barnard Ave., Vernon, B. C., writes: "I have suffered all my life from sick headaches. A friend of mine advised me to take Burdock Blood Bitters, which I did, and I must say that I have never suffered from headaches since taking it. I must give B.B.B. all the credit for what it has done for me."

Burdock Blood Bitters has been on the market for the past 45 years, and during that time has been manufactured only by The T. Millburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Chew it after every meal

It stimulates appetite and aids digestion. It makes your food do you more good. Note how it relieves that stuffy feeling after hearty eating.

Whitens teeth, sweetens breath and is the goodby to bad odors.



## GUN FIGHTING TEXAS RANGERS RIVAL DARING MOUNTED POLICE

For years the stalwart trooper of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police has been accepted as a criterion among the romantic figures of the men who enforce the law and take their lives into their hands in so doing.

In steeple hat and red tunic, with revolver ever ready, the Canadian trooper has been a hero in fact and fiction whose adventures have stirred thousands. He travels countless miles through barren, frozen country and he never misses his man, according to the generally accepted belief.

Tradition and legend have been no worse about his exploits than fact. It is overheard that in this continent there is a corps of men whose lives are equally as adventurous, whose daring is equally as great, and who have behind them almost a century of service.

The Texas Rangers are still in the field. Never a riot breaks out in the Lone Star state and feeling has a way of running high at times along the border—but the Rangers are called in as soon as it threatens to swell beyond the control of police and law officials.

The Rangers cleaned the state in the past of Indian raiders and desperadoes—they are today as much on hand as ever when the summons arrives for a bad hombre to be caught or a mob to be saved.

There is a riot breaking out in circulation in the minds of the Rangers, having just such a situation for a background. The mayor of a Texas town, according to the story, found himself with a riot on his hands. The mob was milling up and down the streets; at any minute bloodshed might come. In desperation he wired the state capital for a company of Rangers, and himself went to meet the train with half a dozen automobiles in which to carry the troopers to the scene of strife.

From the last car descended a single Ranger, casually rolling a cigarette. "We're done for," growled the mayor, "I asked for a whole company and they've sent me a single Ranger."

"Well," drawled the Ranger, "there is only one riot, isn't there?"

"Fiction, of course?" Not in the least. Exactly that remark is attributed to Captain Bill McDonald, one of the most famous Rangers of them all, when he stepped off the train at Dallas all by himself to stop a forbidden price.

McDonald's favorite trick was to play the lone hand against a mob. Time and time again he met and outfaced hundreds.

"No man in the wrong can stand up against a fellow that's in the right and keeps his head on his neck. He staked his life on this belief: unnumbered times through long decades of Ranger days.

Effort after effort was made to get him, but Bill McDonald knew how to draw a gun. One had to know that in order to qualify for the Rangers. This time, so the tale runs, it was a sheriff, who had fled to Texas to escape the consequences of crimes in other states.

A fake messenger brought word to McDonald that Matthews wished to meet him and patch up their differences. When Matthews followed he was brought face to face with Matthews and two other desperadoes. There was a moment of conversation meant to delude the Ranger leader. Then Matthews reached for his gun and his bullet went ripping through McDonald's collar. Two shots from the Ranger's revolver, aimed at Matthews' heart, struck the plug of the lasso backed by a notebook that Matthews had secreted as a shield. McDonald flinched but failed to penetrate, and his bullet went ripping through Matthews' left shoulder.

McDonald dropped Matthews in his tracks a moment later. The other two men were firing now, striking McDonald in the left arm. Another shot went through his right shoulder, paralyzing the muscles so that he could not use his hand. So McDonald took the revolver with his teeth, and his would-be assassin took to his heels. Matthews himself was mortally wounded and died a short time later. McDonald underwent a stay in the hospital.

That is a sample of the situations which have confronted the Rangers from the inception of the force. Fighting heavy odds, often a single man against half a dozen, they had to land their prisoners, dead or alive.

Originally formed in 1835 for the protection of homes and property, the Rangers did not come into being as an official state corps until after the civil war.

At that time Texas was overrun with raiding Indians and had men, traveling in the track of the war. The sum of \$75,000 was appropriated by the legislature and six companies of Rangers were formed. Their original number of seventy-five men to a

company was soon reduced to forty on account of lack of funds.

Major John B. Jones was their first commander and hardly had the Rangers been called into active service before they were galloping after a band of Indians who had descended on a ranch. The small force of thirty Rangers ran into 250 Indians lying in ambush and waiting for them to fall into the trap. The battle lasted the rest of the day with the Indians circling the little band on their ponies and blazing into them with rifles. The Rangers stood their ground, and the Indians withdrew at nightfall.

On another occasion Lieutenant Roberts and a handful of Rangers pursued a band of warriors four hundred miles across the staked plains, seventy hours without water, before they caught up to them. Despite the Indians' strength, they attacked, killed and wounded a number of the enemy, and recovered all the horses which the marauding party had stolen.

It was the job of the Rangers to rid the whole state of Texas of the Indian menace—and how they did it is history. Other states used United States troops, but Texas found her 219 Rangers sufficient. The message began to go from tepee camp to tepee camp that it was "bad medicine" to raid and scalp among the ranches. So the danger from the Indians died away and a new danger took its place.

The bad man came on the scene, pillaging, murdering, robbing. The Rangers became a mobile force of tremendous punishing power. They developed the plan of commanding a military engine and an empty freight car. In to the car they put their horses and mules, staked up the engine and were off in pursuit of the outlaws. When they figured they were near the outlaws' camp they unloaded the horses, mounted and made their charge. Ahead of them, as often as not, went their pack train of mules, loaded with cooking, tinware and camp equipment and braying and plunging. Many a desperado's band was waked in the dawn by the clatter of the mules with the Rangers galloping in behind them.

The Ranger had to be able to trail his man, to ride seventy-five miles a day if necessary, and to be able to shoot straight at the end of it. He also has to be capable of handling any kind of a situation that might arise. As Capt. D. V. Roberts, an old-time Ranger, remarked: "When we detect a man to go anywhere to make an arrest or do any particular work, we didn't have to send another man along with him to tell him what to do."

Records of typical years of the Rangers show the kind of job that was placed in their hands. Seventy murders were arrested by the corps in one period of two years—those of 1902-04—119 cattle and horse thieves were seized, twenty-three swindlers and forgers, thirty robbers, and hundreds of other offenders. The arrests made in that period numbered 768, and the Rangers travelled in the pursuit of duty a total of 225,557 miles.

After the Indian peril had been ended and the task of cleaning up the outlaws finished, the Rangers eventually came to take on the character of mounted constabulary, charged with quelling riots, preventing crime and capturing criminals.

A Ranger is exactly what his name implies—an officer empowered to range anywhere within the state of Texas.

The big ranch wars that broke out in the cattle country, as might be expected, found the Rangers actively engaged on the side of order.

Fence cutting was a trick indulged in by many a rustler. In one typical case a Ranger sergeant and private caught three men cutting down a section of wire fence and promptly rushed them. The private and one of the bad men went down at the first volley. A second wire cutter was wounded, and fled.

Crouched behind rocks, and separated by mere yards, the remaining Ranger and the rustler fought a rifle duel that lasted for hours. Finally the Ranger managed to get hold of his opponent's rifle and mounted it on the rock beside him.

Then he fired. The moment the rustler put his head up to refill his return, the second rifle spoke, and there was no further wire cutting in that vicinity.

Among other jobs for which the Rangers were called, was that of punishing the Mexican quarter of Laredo to submit to precautions against smallpox. The disease was raging in all its fury, and the Mexicans were stubbornly refusing either to be vaccinated or to allow their sick children to be taken to the hospital.

A captain and seven Rangers went to the quarter, and the captain was shot down. The Mexican's anger was rising moment by moment—

## DEMOCRATS CHOSE BRYAN RUNNING MATE FOR J. W. DAVIS

New York, July 11.—John W. Davis of West Virginia, and Governor Chas. W. Bryan, of Nebraska, are the Democratic party's candidates for president and vice president.

Emerging on the 102nd ballot as the Democratic national convention's choice for the presidential nomination, the West Virginia lawyer and diplomat swept away great waves of bitterness churned up during the fifteen preceding days of storm conflict.

Then, taking command immediately, the new head of the party guided the convention swiftly toward the election of his running mate, the brother of Wm. Jennings Bryan, his most vigorous opponent throughout the balloting.

When the convention adjourned at 2:24 a.m. yesterday it had elected many new names in political history, rising in dramatic force from the violent struggle 12 days ago over naming the Kuklux Klan in the party platform, through the record breaking deadlock between the supporters of Wm. G. McAdoo and Governor Alvin R. Smith that held through one hundred ballots before a presidential nominee was in sight and in the closing scenes came a new precedent in the personal appearance of the nominee to acknowledge his gratitude and his prompt assumption of command.

The first adjournment that marked the formal ending of the convention came two minutes after Governor Bryan had been declared nominated for the vice presidency.

It was accomplished with a single ballot, through the changing of many votes that climaxed most of the 26 names that first appeared, but it was not made unanimous. The weary delegates had finished their work.

## PRINCE OF WALES SAILS FOR CANADA ON AUGUST 23TH

Southampton, July 10.—It is announced that the Prince of Wales will sail for Canada with four or five friends on August 25, and will return to England about the beginning of October. No elaborate arrangements are being made for the trip, and the prince, at his own request, will travel as an ordinary first class passenger.

and then the rest of the Rangers charged through the streets.

The removal of smallpox patients to the hospital, and a general sanitary clean-up of the quarter after that, according to the detachment's brief report, was "an easy matter."

It is not always an easy matter for the Rangers to bring their man to justice. Often the desperado wanted would be a prominent and popular member of his community, and the judge or other law official would refuse to hold him or dismiss the trial.

One time, Capt. Bill McDonald and his men, it is told, found themselves up against the task of suppressing an entire murder society. San Saba county had seen forty-three murders in ten years. A secret society, formed for the purpose of removing citizens who came under its disapproval, had become a political power, and held regular moonlight meetings at which death lists were read and voted on.

When McDonald arrived at San Saba with three Rangers a mob began to shoot up the town just to show him in what regard he and his men were held. Alone, McDonald went to the saloon that was the storm centre, and defied them.

Eventually a member of the murder band became over-bored and attempted to bring down a Ranger. The Ranger shot him five times before he had loosed his first bullet. By this time the town of San Saba was beginning to believe that there might be a good deal to these Rangers after all. They began to believe it further when McDonald went to one of the judges and casually inquired if it would be legal to descend on the saloon's meeting, killed all those who resisted arrest, and jailed the remainder.

For Rangers, in all probability, had a more adventurous career than Capt. McDonald. When colored troops of the 24th Infantry shot up the town of Brownsville, an occurrence that became a national scandal, he obtained the evidence which pointed to the guilty man. Always he had a host of enemies among outlaws, who were anxious to see him put easily out of the way.

The last attempt made on his life came in 1896, when he was called to his Grand Jury, a Mexican bullet hit his head on election day.

## To Have Beautiful Hair Shampoo this way

Women who command attention and admiration have pretty hair. Hair with softness, and silken sheen.

Such hair is within the power of every girl and woman to possess.

We are offering you a test of the shampoo which specialists on hair treatment recommend. It will bring out new beauty in your hair.

Without perfect cleanliness of hair and scalp, no hair can be really lovely. Do not use shampoo which leaves the hair dry and brittle, dull or lifeless.

Shampoo containing olive oil is best, authorities say.

It cleanses each hair, clear down to the tiny scalp pores.

Yet mildly, so that your hair is left soft,

fluffy, pliant—with the rich gleam of natural color.

Today, in Palmolive Shampoo, you have olive oil in its perfect form for the hair. Dainty, pleasing—not oily. And economical. Millions of women have found new hair-beauty through it.

You can test it, at home at our expense. Simply send the coupon for a 15c trial-size bottle, free.

15c TRIAL SHAMPOO FREE

Fill in and post to The Palmolive Co. of Canada, Limited, Toronto, Ont.

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Address.....

City..... Province.....

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FREE 15c trial bottle. See coupon below.



fluffy, pliant—with the rich gleam of natural color.

Today, in Palmolive Shampoo, you have olive oil in its perfect form for the hair. Dainty, pleasing—not oily. And economical. Millions of women have found new hair-beauty through it.

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## Profit in Advertising

Thousands of Firms of International Fame Owe Their Existence and Growth to Advertising

Almost endless is the story of great achievement, actual production and superlative performance that lies behind the now prosaic slogan "It Pays to Advertise." Slogans in business are not always substantiated by subsequent events, just as guarantees are not always held water, but the business has not been found in which "advertising does not pay." What capital is to industry, what rainfall is to farm soil, advertising is to business. Advertising is as necessary to

national distribution as the railroads. Speak of good will in business and you really mean reputation. Reputation in modern business is attained only through the co-ordination of merit of product

**WE SPECIALIZE**

In Picnic and Hot Weather supplies, and carry a complete line of cooked meats and salad supplies.

**SPECIAL:**

Boneless Hams, per lb ..... 22c  
 Prunes, small sized, 3 lb for ..... 25c  
 Prunes, small sized, per box of 25 lbs ..... \$2.00  
 Jam, pure Plum, per tin ..... 65c

Store Closed every Wednesday at 12 Noon  
 During July and August

**ROYAL MARKET****Public Meeting**

Under the auspices of the Councils of the City of Wetaskiwin and the Rural Municipality of Montgomery, No. 458, a Public Meeting will be held in the

**U. F. A. HALL**  
 — ON —

**Saturday, July 19**  
**AT 8 P. M.**

The object of the meeting is to discuss the question of the destruction of

**"Noxious Weeds"**

and Mr. Stevens, the head of this department of the Ministry of Agriculture for the Province of Alberta, will address the meeting.

It is pointed out that the farmers are liable under the "Noxious Weeds Act, 1917" to clear the road allowance for a width of thirty-three feet on all public highways, bordering their land. 16-2tn.

The Times Office is Equipped to do Your Job Printing

**TOWN TOPICS**

Chas. D. Euman was a business visitor to Calgary last week.

Miss Eleanor Poole is visiting in Edmonton for a few weeks.

Several of the citizens are taking in the Edmonton Fair this week.

E. R. Pendleton, of Edmonton, was a business visitor in the city last week.

Miss V. Fenton left last week for Calgary, where she has accepted a position.

The Wetaskiwin Creamery took two prizes for cheese at the Brandon fair recently.

The next meeting of the Kiwanis Club will be held on Tuesday evening next, July 22nd.

W. S. Loggie, of Prince Albert, Sask., has joined the local staff of the Imperial Bank.

Mrs. E. Manchester is visiting at Fort Saskatchewan, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Rogers.

Mrs. G. S. Smith and daughter left Tuesday morning for the coast on a short vacation.

Byron Hanson has received word that he passed his recent violin examinations successfully with honors.

Miss Nettie Svensen left on Friday of last week for the coast, where she expects to spend the summer.

Miss Jean Angus returned last week from a visit with her aunt, Mrs. Voniffand, of Fort Saskatchewan.

The Misses Lawson are spending a few weeks visiting friends and relatives at Kelowna, B.C. Mrs. Lawson is visiting in Ontario.

S. Sisson, who has been on the staff of the Imperial Bank here this summer, has been transferred to the bank's Edmonton branch.

Mr. Brink, of Edmonton, has moved into the old Cowan residence on West Railway street, having redecorated and generally repaired the building.

A party of engineers from the department of highways, who have charge of the road work on the Edmonton Calgary trail between Ponoka and Millet, have established their headquarters here. The personnel of the party is Messrs. J. N. Anderson, R. T. P. Bowman and N. E. Dunn.

**TOWN TOPICS**

Earl Garlogh is away at Kingston, Ont., taking a course at the university there. He does not expect to return until just before school opens.

Messrs. F. Atkinson, G. Hanna, L. D. Montgomery, S. B. Stewart, C. D. Euman and Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Johnson were Edmonton visitors on Monday.

Dr. Gullekson leaves on Monday on a motor trip to southern Alberta and the mountains. He expects to return about August 11 to resume his practice.

Carl Wm. Wallin left on Monday evening for Calgary, where he will attend a three day session of the Eastman school of professional photography.

E. Abousafy has completed the new foundation to his house at the corner of Alberta and Lorne streets. Other extensive repairs and improvements have been made.

Henry Perler and Sam Slutker of Edmonton expect to open an up to date second hand store at the old Zack stand in the Fowler block within the next week or two.

The Norwegian Ladies' Aid will meet on Friday, July 18th, at the home of Mrs. O. A. Olson, four and a half miles south of the city. Everyone is cordially invited to attend.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Somers left on Saturday on a motor trip to Los Angeles, California, where they will visit the former's parents. They expect to return about the end of September.

P. A. Miquelon, exalted ruler of Wetaskiwin lodge, B.P.O.E., with his band of delegates from the city, were in Edmonton the first part of the week attending the Elks convention there.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Finkbe and son, of Carleton, are spending a couple of days in the city reviewing the acquaintance of their many friends. Mr. Finkbe was for many years C. P. R. agent here.

Several of the citizens received postal cards from the editor of The Times this week, dated at Paris. He reports a fine trip, and is at present in Scotland. They will sail for Montreal on Saturday.

A meeting of the farmers of the district will be held in the U.F.A. hall of Saturday, July 19th, at 8 p.m., to be addressed by Mr. Stevens, of the noxious weeds branch of the department of agriculture.

Rev. W. J. James and Kith French returned Saturday from a fishing trip at Rocky Mountain House. It is reported that they had a big catch of one fish, but they have not yet said how many got away.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Ellis and daughter of Renham, Alta., motored up to spend part of their vacation with the former's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. A. Ellis. They are at present staying at Pigeon Lake.

The city council are to be congratulated upon the cinder walks recently laid on Lorne street. These will improve more as used. Other municipal bodies throughout the province are discarding plank walks for asphalt, gravel and cinders.

One day last week while some men were doing road work along the south end of O. L. Robinson's farm, west of the city, two moose came out of his bush, took a drink out of the creek within a few rods of where the men were working, and then walked quietly away.

Guy Dubuc, who has been employed at the local branch of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, with his mother and a rather unfortunate accident while touring north of Spokane. The steering gear of the car broke and the car went down a hundred foot embankment. Mrs. Dubuc is suffering from a broken collar bone and her son was unconscious for about twenty-four hours with concussion of the brain and a badly wrenched back. It is not expected that Dubuc will be able to take up his duties at the bank here for about two or three months.

**CHURCH CHIMES****SCANDINAVIAN BAPTIST**

P. M. Meyer, Minister

Sunday, July 20—

Wetaskiwin — Sunday school and bible class at 11 a.m. Service at 8 p.m., subject, "The Well of Bethesda."

Service at Crooked Lake school at 2 p.m.

The Sunday school picnic for Wetaskiwin, Nashville and Offerdale Sunday schools will be held on Wednesday, July 23rd at 1.30 p.m. on the Wolden place, northwest of Ceynana.

Wednesday at 8 p.m., prayer and testimony meeting at New Sweden.

Thursday, at 8 p.m., prayer and testimony meeting in the Wetaskiwin church.

**UNITED SERVICES**

Methodist and Presbyterian churches

Rev. W. H. Irwin in charge.

Sunday, July 20—

11 a.m.—Service in the Presbyterian church. A study of the twenty-third psalm—a dog story for the children.

2 p.m.—Service and Sunday school in the Cherry Grove school.

7.30 p.m.—Service in the Methodist church. Continuation of series on Jesus. Subject, "The Power of Jesus."

**MILLET SERVICES**

Sunday, July 20—

Larch Tree—Sunday school, 10.30

Hillside—Sunday school, 2 p.m.

Porto Bello—Preaching service at 11 a.m.

West Lillian—Preaching service at 3 p.m.

Millet—Sunday school, 11 a.m.

Preaching service, 7.30 p.m. Subject, "Baptism."

Augusta, Kansas—A tornado which swept Augusta last night caused one death, injured ten and destroyed property valued at \$1,000,000.

**PRIZE ESSAY****OF GRADE V**

The following is an essay written on the Effect of Alcohol on the Human System, by Dertha Lykken, of Grade 5.

Alcohol weakens the muscles. It causes only matter to form in the fibres of muscles. The muscles then lose the power to contract and become soft and flabby. Alcohol leaves the inner lining of the stomach hard and shrunken. It irritates the lining of the stomach and causes the blood vessels to spread. The lining of the stomach becomes inflamed and thickened. The gastric juices do not flow and the food is not digested.

When a man is drunk he has no appetite; he vomits and is thirsty, and has fever and a pain in the head. The alcohol contained in all alcoholic drinks is a poison which disturbs the life processes of the cells and the sense and is therefore injurious to the health. Alcohol causes sleeplessness and nervousness.

When a father or grandfather drinks alcohol his children become stunted and crippled. If children drink alcohol they become disobedient. Alcohol causes dullness and no attention in school for children. If you drink alcohol you can get diseases easier than if you do not drink alcohol. Nearly all of the accidents are caused by drinking alcohol. Those who drink alcohol are liable to get consumption easier than those who do not. Alcohol diseases all the vital organs, particularly the stomach, the kidneys, the liver, the heart and the brain. A man who uses alcohol

**The City Meat Market****SPECIALS FOR THE WEEK END**

Boneless Rolled Shoulders ..... per lb 20c

**Fresh Fish**

White Fish ..... per lb 15c

Cold Lake Trout ..... per lb 18c

Try our Home Made Sausages

PHONE 3

F. T. KIRSTEIN

Don't forget the Wetaskiwin Fair, August 7, 8.

**2 for 1 Sale****2 for 1 Sale**

at

**The Rexall Store**

Friday and Saturday, July 18-19

"You Get Two Articles for the Price of One."

Purest Aspirin	2 for .25	Assorted Face Powders	2 for .75
Reg. 25c		Reg. 75c	
Peroxide	2 for .50	N.D.C. Hair Tonic	2 for .50
Reg. 50c		Reg. 50c	
Epsom Salts	2 for .25	Powder Puffs	2 for .25
Reg. 25c		Reg. 25c	
Bed Bug Poison	2 for .50	Tooth Paste	2 for .25
Reg. 50c		Reg. 25c	
Groves' Laxative Pills	2 for .25	Cod Liver Oil Compound	2 for \$1.
Reg. 25c		Reg. \$1.00	
Nervozone Nerve Tonic	2 for .50	Talcum Powders	2 for .25
Reg. 50c		Reg. 25c	
Florida Water	2 for \$1.	Scribbles	2 for .05
Reg. \$1.00		Reg. 5c	

**FREE Gramophone FREE**  
 Value, \$66.25

Come in and let us tell you how you may win this splendid new machine. It pays you to buy at Phone 56 for Northern Drug Co. Our Prices are Lowest Service

For  
**SOUND PROTECTION — GOOD SERVICE**

and  
**PROMPT SETTLEMENT OF LOSSES**

**HAIL COMPANIES**

Represented by

**L. H. NEWVILLE**

Cannot be Excelled

Phones: Office, 64. Residence 140

**Mid-Summer Clearance Sale**

OF

**Men's Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, and Furnishings**

For One Week, commencing Saturday, July 19th, to Saturday, July 26th, my stock of Men's Wear, at Greatly Reduced Prices. Save Yourself Money and Buy Now. Call in to See for Yourself.



**Men's and Young Men's Suits**  
 In mixed Tweeds up to size 38. Regular values to \$26.00. Sale price \$18.75

**WORK SHIRTS**  
 Pin check grey, regular at \$2.00, for \$1.50

**TROUSERS**  
 Khaki and striped Cottonade. A genuine bargain at \$2.75

**SOX**  
 In grey, black and in brown, at 5 Pairs for \$1.00

**STRAW HATS**  
 Men's Boaters and Panamas \$1.90

**OVERALLS**  
 In a striped blue, at \$2.25

**NEGLIGEE SHIRTS**  
 Tooke's. Real value \$1.50

SEE OUR WINDOWS

**WORK GLOVES**  
 Muleskin 50c

**Extra Heavy Rubber Belts**  
 50c

**\$1.00 WORK GLOVES**  
 Men's all Horsehide Gloves, a bargain at \$1.25

**OUR COMPLETE STOCK OF SUITS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES**

**Extra Trousers \$3.00 and up.**  
**Combination Overalls \$3.00**

**FELT HATS**  
 Many odd sizes to be cleared out at \$2.50

**SHIRTS**  
 A real heavy Khaki drill shirt, reg. \$2.25 \$1.75

**WORK GLOVES**  
 Horsehide \$1.00

**CAPS**  
 A large selection of Caps, all sizes, at \$2.25

**C. B. McMurdo**

**MEN'S OUTFITTER**

**WETASKIWIN MARKETS**

July 16, 1924

No. 1 Northern	1.09
No. 2 Northern	1.06
No. 3 Northern	1.02
No. 4 Northern	.96
Barley	.49 - .57
Oats	.37 - .32
Rye	.35 - .56
Hops	.625
Steers	3.00 - 4.00
Cows	2.00 - 3.00
Sheep	5.00
Spring Lamb	.10
Eggs (extra)	.17
Eggs (firsts)	.15
Eggs (seconds)	.11
Butter	.18 - .25
Spring Chicken	.05